

THE EVENING BULLETIN.

VOLUME X.

MAYSVILLE, KY., WEDNESDAY, JANUARY 28, 1891.

NUMBER 56.

HOUSE AND SENATE.

Proceedings of Both Branches of Congress.

BUT LITTLE ACCOMPLISHED.

The Subject of the Force Bill Brought Up in the House—The Apportionment Bill Discussed in the Senate—Other Dispatches from the National Capital.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 28.—In the house yesterday, after the approval of the journal, Mr. Springer, rising to a question of privilege offered a resolution reciting that on Monday on the yeas and nays on the approval of the journal the recapitulation of the votes had been dispensed with without unanimous consent, the speaker had declined to order a recapitulation on demand and had refused to entertain an appeal from his decision, and declaring such action of the speaker was unlawful, and if unchecked would permit the precedent to go with the apparent approval of the house, and Mr. McKinley made the point of order that the resolution was not a privileged one—the speaker having a right under the rules to decide a motion to be dilatory. The point of order was sustained by the speaker. Mr. Springer appealed from the decision of the chair, and on motion by Mr. McKinley the appeal was laid on the table.

A bill was passed for a bridge across the Missouri between Council Bluffs and Omaha. The house then went into committee of the whole on the Military academy bill. During general debate on the bill Rogers of Arkansas referred to the recent Indian war as unprovoked and undefensible.

Flower of New York followed in the same strain.

Mr. Wheeler of Alabama, speaking of the elections, said its passage would result in the prostration of the prosperity just dawning on the south.

Mr. Spinola was criticizing the "force bill" when Mr. Bland interrupted with a request to "yield" while he made a motion to "lay the force bill on the table." Mr. Spinola, continuing, expressed his doubt about the force bill being quite dead and said he would not believe it was until he saw it placed in its grave, the sod thrown on it and the benediction delivered.

After further debate the house adjourned.

Senate Proceedings.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 28.—The senate yesterday approved the journal of Thursday covering the proceedings of Thursday, Friday and Saturday and Monday. The credentials of Mr. Stanford and of Mr. Irby, as senators from California and South Carolina for term beginning March 4, next were presented and filed. Mr. Hoar criticised those of Mr. Stanford as unsatisfactory in form—the governor undertaking to commission Mr. Stanford instead of simply certifying to his election. Mr. Hoar offered a resolution authorizing the select committee on relations with Canada to continue its sittings during the common recess and the next session—referred.

Mr. Dolph's resolution relating to the power of a minority of the senate to compel the attendance of absent members was taken up, but went over under objection.

At 2 o'clock the apportionment bill was taken up, and Mr. Davis spoke in support of his amendment to increase the total number of representatives from 356 (as proposed in the house bill) to 360, and giving an additional member to Arkansas, Minnesota, Missouri and New York. Mr. Berry also argued in support of the amendment, and Mr. Hiscock and Mr. Hale against it. Without action the senate went into executive session, and at 5:15 p. m. adjourned.

Force Bill and the South.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 28.—President Polk, of the Farmers' Alliance, speaking of the complications which have arisen through the action of some of the southern legislatures in declining to participate in the world's fair in the event of the passage of the elections bill, said: "The truth about the matter is that the direct results from the world's fair are to come by inducing immigration and the investment of capital. For obvious reasons the people of the south feel that they will get more benefit from the fair than any other section. They feel that this elections measure whatever its merits are, will be converted into a sectional issue. They feel that sectional agitators, both north and south, will make it a bloody shirt issue for 1892. If this view is correct, as I believe it is, its effect will neutralize any effort we may make at Chicago to induce capital and labor to the southern states. It will thus not only check the material progress now developing in the south but will retard it for years to come. The views of the great industrial organizations of the country are succinctly and unequivocally expressed in resolutions on the subject of suffrage adopted by the Contingent on Friday, which is broad enough, just enough, equitable enough for any American citizen to stand upon."

Effects of the Storm.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 28.—The storm of Monday morning, which was very severe here, was much worse further north, and has resulted in complete prostration of telegraph service north of Baltimore. It is estimated that about 1,000 poles are down in the district and telegraph, telephone and electric light wires inextricably tangled and broken. Wires west are but little better. About 1,000 are reported down between Washington and Grafton, W. Va., and the lines will probably have to be rebuilt. The wreck is more complete and covers a wider area than that of the celebrated blizzard of three years ago. Western Union officials think that it will be at least three days before direct communication can be established to New York.

BIG SUIT BEGUN.

A Kentuckian's Case Against a New York Broker.

NEW YORK, Jan. 28.—Joshua J. Green, of Versailles, Ky., has begun suit in the superior court against James F. O'Shaughnessy to recover \$150,000 in nominal value of cotton-seed oil trust certificates. He says that in 1887 he borrowed \$110,000 from the defendant and gave the certificates as collateral. The loan was for six months but he claims that before the expiration of this period the defendant sold the certificates, realizing between \$160,000 and \$180,000.

He charges that the action of the defendant was part of a conspiracy between him and John L. Macanor and K. V. Lewis to wreck the trust. The money which the defendant realized, he says, was used for the defendant's own purse. The defendant says that the certificates were sold because of other stock transactions. He claims he was carrying other stock for the plaintiff in which he had put up \$75,000 in margins and that he sold the certificates to save himself from loss.

The plaintiff secured an order for the examination of the defendant before trial which Judge Dugro set aside.

WHITE CAPPERS IN COURT.

The Trial of the Outlaws Begun at Anderson, Indiana.

ANDERSON, Jan. 28.—After a heroic effort of two days upon the part of the defense to avoid going into trial in the famous White Cap cases, the judge overruled their motion for a change of venue yesterday evening, and work at selecting a jury to try the cases was begun. The trial will likely commence a week or two.

Heron Richardson, a well-to-do farmer, is the first to be tried. He is the captain of the midnight riders who served White Cap notices, mutilated stock and destroyed farm machinery. The offenses occurred in May, 1889, three miles southeast of this city. The outrages committed by the cappers have no equal in the category of crime. The cause of the depredations resulted from the enforcement of the stock law. Ethan Cox, supervisor, received a notice to cease impounding stock under penalty of death.

The court room is packed to suffocation, and no case has ever been tried in the circuit court that has excited so much interest.

A PLUCKY SCHOOL TEACHER.

He Locks the Door and Knocks Out Five of His Young Men Pupils.

ANDERSON, Ind., Jan. 28.—Edgar Farmer, teacher of Mount Hope school, a suburb of this city, Monday attempted to punish Charlie Delph, a young man, for obscene conduct toward the girl pupils of the school. He resisted, and was aided by four of his schoolmates, who attempted to do the plucky teacher. The latter threw off his coat, locked the door and sailed in. He fought the entire party to a finish, and came out with colors flying. After giving the refractory pupils a thorough drubbing blacking their eyes and smashing their noses, they gave in and acknowledged themselves whipped. Mr. Farmer then resumed the adys' program as though nothing had occurred.

Gen. Miles Back in Chicago.

CHICAGO, Jan. 28.—The special train bearing Gen. Miles and staff, with two coaches full of Indians and a detachment of the Sixth cavalry, reached here from Rushville, Neb., at a late hour last night. The three chiefs who inaugurated the ghost dancing craze among the Sioux—Kicking Bear, Short Bull and Scatter Brain—with twenty-two young warriors, will be confined at Fort Sheridan. The Indians who are to pay a visit to the president are in charge of Special Agent Lewis, of the interior department. He has instructions to take them direct to Washington.

Ruin Down by a Motor Car.

OMAHA, Jan. 28.—Peter Duffy, a salesman, was run down by Motor No. 60, on the Walnut Hill line about 6:30 o'clock yesterday evening, and was almost instantly killed. Duffy was driving along the street car track when the car came rushing down the hill toward him. He tried to turn his horses out of the track, but the wheels slipped, and instead of mounting the rails, held the buggy inside. The car plunged into the rig, and Duffy fell on the rails. Both his hips were crushed by the motor, and he died shortly afterward.

Paper Mill Blown Up.

STERLING, Ill., Jan. 28.—The Rock Falls paper mill was blown up by an explosion of "bleach" yesterday evening at 6:30. The mill was demolished. Two men, John Meyers and Alfonzo Bell, have been taken from the ruins dead. Three or four other workmen are missing and are supposed to be in the ruins. The accident happened just at the hour of the day when day and night forces were changing place, and as many were coming and going it is impossible to know who is missing.

Fatal Shooting Affray.

NEW ORLEANS, Jan. 28.—J. B. Davis was instantly killed and his brother Samuel, fatally injured in a shooting affray with David Leatherman, at Pointe Coupee parish. The news of the affair has just reached here. The Davis brothers quarreled with Leatherman about the settlement of an account, and finally pistols were drawn with the above result. The coroner's jury decided that Leatherman acted in self-defense, and has released him from custody.

The Law to Be Enforced.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 28.—The treasury department having been informed that the regulations in regard to the inspection of meat cattle imported from Canada were not being observed in the Plattsburg, N. Y., district, has called the attention of the collector to the fact in a letter, which will doubtless cause the observance of the department's regulations in the future.

MINE EXPLOSION.

One Hundred and Ten Men Killed.

OTHERS STILL IMPRISONED.

The Mine on Fire, and It is Feared That Many of the Unfortunate Miners Will Be Burned to Death Before They Can Be Rescued.

PITTSBURG, Jan. 28.—A terrible mine explosion occurred at the mammoth works of the H. C. Frick Coke company at Mammoth, at 9 o'clock yesterday morning, killing 110 men and imprisoning about ninety others. Sixty of the dead bodies have already been recovered.

The mine is on fire, and it is thought that many of the unfortunate will be burned to death before it is possible to reach them. An army of men are at work in the pit endeavoring to stave the fire and recover the dead bodies. They are making but little headway.

The Mammoth works are on the Sewickley branch of the Southwest branch railroad, and are about half way between Latrobe and this place. The telegraph and telephone wires are in trouble, and even the Frick employees are almost entirely without definite information. At the time of the accident there were about 300 men at work in the shaft, which is not very deep.

The names of the identified are as follows:

August Lunk, Jr., Mike Stonyek, Sr., Mike Stepienek, Jr., Stephen Swartz, William Burchell, Steve Heren, James Dupple, James Dori, William Snaith, Patrick Lumley, Priz Newell, Louis Lewis, William Lewis, James Murphy, Jacob Meyers, John Koehers, Martin Brannon, George Wilson, Mike Kelley, Frank Keskey, John Eaton and David Gordon.

The other bodies taken from the mine are so horribly mutilated that they cannot be identified. As they are brought out the bodies are removed to one of the company's houses and prepared for burial. Several undertakers are engaged at this work.

There is little information regarding the horror. Everybody in the pit was killed. The position of their bodies told the story of their end. The force of the explosion was felt for miles around and caused a panic among the pupils in the township school house nearly a mile away. The men employed in the Mammoth No. 2, separated by one hundred acres of coal, felt the shock and were the first to sound the alarm.

Superintendent Keighley, a thoroughly competent man sent to all of the company's mines in the district for aid and from 10 o'clock yesterday morning until midnight an army of men were engaged in carrying out the dead continues.

The scenes around the shaft mouth are indescribable. Mothers, sisters, children and old men crowd about eager to recognize their loved ones. Their wailings and shrieks of anguish strike terror to the stoutest heart. Scarce a house in the hamlet but is in mourning, and the work of carrying out the dead continues.

The disaster is the greatest that ever occurred in the Connellsburg coke region. The cause of the explosion is unknown. The mine has been working for five years, and there has never been even a suspicion of gas there.

Mine Boss Eaton, who escaped about one minute before the fatal explosion, is the only individual remaining to relate the story.

John Boles, whose brother is in the fatal shaft relates the following story: "About 9 o'clock in the morning we heard a loud report in the direction of the shaft. We immediately started to the opening, only to find a suffocating volume of smoke and gas gushing therefrom, and at once knew what was wrong. We began the work of subduing the flames and clearing the shaft of gas. This we accomplished by starting the large fans. I am convinced that every man who was in the shaft at the time was killed, either by falling timbers or by afterdamp."

District Master Workman Wise has issued an appeal to the miners and coke workers throughout the coke regions for prompt contributions in aid of the families of the unfortunate victims of the disaster.

The news of the explosion was received by H. C. Frick in Pittsburgh yesterday afternoon. Mr. Frick was filled with consternation at the extent of the disaster. He said: "We have never had an accident like this in any of our mines. The Mammoth plant was thought to be in the safest of hands when we gave it in charge of Mine Inspector Fred. Keighley. No expense has been spared to make our mines as safe as possible."

Twenty-five trimmed coffins were shipped from Pittsburg to Mount Pleasant yesterday evening. Another lot of seventy-five has been ordered for shipment.

One hundred and ten men were employed in that part of the mine in which the explosion occurred and not one was left to tell the story of the disaster. Not more than fifty of the men were killed by the explosion. The others were overcome by the afterdamp and while some of the bodies are horribly torn, burned and mutilated others were found with their teeth clinched on the iron rail of the pit road. Others were found with faces plunged into the water and not a few were found upon their knees as if engaged in prayer.

Fire Boss Snead was identified by his gun boots. His body was scattered about in a dozen places. His head was torn from his shoulders. Both legs were torn off, and that part of his body recovered was roasted and blackened. His left hand, clutching his lamp, was found

over 100 feet from the trunk of his body. One of his gun boots was found fifty yards away; one of his feet, with part of a leg attached, was found also. When the parts of his body were collected and sent in a sheet to the pit mouth they were identified by an engineer recognizing the boots.

The Westmoreland county coroner is at the scene, and is preparing for an investigation.

MORE DANGEROUS THAN INDIANS.

A Train Load of Soldiers Returning from Blue Ridge Wrecked.

TOPKA, Kan., Jan. 28.—A disastrous collision between the northbound regular passenger train and a southbound special occurred on the Blue Valley railroad at 1:30 o'clock yesterday afternoon, at Florence, a small station five miles south of Irving. The special was carrying about 100 soldiers, part of the Seventh cavalry and Battery E. light artillery, bound for Fort Riley, on their way home from Pine Ridge Agency.

The dead, so far as can be ascertained, are:

Sgt. Schortbatt, Battery E. artillery, cut all to pieces.

Private Meil, Troop G, Seventh cavalry, left leg cut off and head mashed.

The most severely injured are:

Sgt. Sharp, Troop G, Seventh cavalry, right arm broken.

Capt. Godfrey, Troop E, leg and shoulder injured.

Sgt. Wirtz, Troop C, internal injury.

Private McGuire, Troop C, left side and face badly scalded.

Private Errick, Troop E, right arm broken and hand cut.

Lizzie Deonet, of Lincoln, Neb., right arm broken and torchard cut.

PINIONED UNDER A BOILER.

Probably Fatal Accident at the Big Four Freight Depot in Cincinnati.

CINCINNATI, Jan. 28.—William Kelly, employed on the new freight depot of the Big Four railway on Harrison avenue, while engaged in raising a large boiler in the rear part of the building, was fatally hurt at noon. He was stationed at a jack-screw and was stooping under the boiler, in the act of setting the jack, when it slipped, letting the boiler down on the unfortunate fellow.

He was pinned to the floor, and his agonizing screams could be heard for squares. A large force of workmen were called, and after some time the boiler was raised, and Kelly was taken out more dead than alive. He was removed to the hospital. Kelly is 22 years of age, single and lives at the northwest corner of Third and Lawrence streets.

PROSPECTS OF A STRIKE.

Ohio Coal Operators Will Not Submit to the Demands of the Miners.

COLUMBUS, O., Jan. 28.—A determined stand was taken by the Ohio coal operators in a largely attended meeting here yesterday, against the dictates of the miners in their convention of last week. It is the feeling of the majority of operators that they would rather go into a strike than to submit to the demands of the miners under the leadership of their present state officers, who they regard as inferior to their predecessors, too dictatorial and unfit to be leaders of the men.

The operators will oppose the eight-hour day and half holiday on Saturdays, will not consent to the weighing of coal before screening. They claim that the miners have failed to bring Indiana and Illinois operators up to the scale adopted last spring.

Acquittal of an Alleged Dynamiter.

SHELBYVILLE, Ind., Jan. 28.—The trial of Willard Thrasher, one of the three alleged dynamiters of Brookfield, which commenced last Tuesday, ended in the acquittal of the defendant, Sheldon Wagner is a prominent merchant of Brookfield and has always borne a sterling character. The two Thrasher boys were his clerks and were charged with blowing up the mill at the instance and request of Wagner. A detective by the name of Hobbs, of Indianapolis, claimed to have extorted from Willard Thrasher a confession of the crime by employing him to sell stolen goods, instituted the proceedings and involved the best citizens of the village in the controversy.

Long Strike Ended.

ROCHESTER, N. Y., Jan. 28.—The long and hot contested strike of the employees of the P. C. Cox Shoe company, which has been on since May 29, 1890, has come to an end. By the terms of the settlement the company is to retain all the non-union employees at present in its service, but agrees to give the preference to the ex-strikers in filling all vacancies that may occur. None of the old hands have yet returned to work, but all present vacancies will be filled from their numbers. It will be remembered that it was the refusal of the union to declare this strike off which precipitated the great lock-out, in which twenty factories of this city were affected last December.

Her Clothing Lined With Money.

TIFFIN, O., Jan. 28.—Elizabeth Sheer, an aged widow, died here yesterday in an apparently impecunious condition. When preparing the body for burial a large amount of valuables, consisting of bills, certificates of deposit and notes were found sewed into her underclothing. The woman was without children or other known relatives.

Youngest Ticket

EVENING BULLETIN.

DAILY, EXCEPT SUNDAY.
ROSSER & McCARTHY,
Proprietors.

WEDNESDAY, JANUARY 28, 1891.

Tom Stuart has got tired of boozing Winchester and Eastern Kentucky and has set out to boom himself into the office of Lieutenant Governor. He has got a strong man to run against in Mitchell Alford.

THE Southern Steel Company of Chattanooga has given notice that, after February 1, the wages of men earning more than \$1 a day will be reduced 10 per cent. The company has decided to go into another kind of steel business.

THE treasury at Owensboro is empty, and nearly all the taxes have been collected. The city will not have enough money to pay the running expenses till June. The Inquirer says: "The city fathers will be required to do some financing of the very lowest character, or the credit of the city will be below par at home if not abroad."

The appropriations voted at the second session of the Fifty-first Congress already reach the enormous sum of \$160,000,000 and only three appropriation bills have been put through. Republicans know the Democrats will put a check on extravagance in the next Congress, and this accounts, probably, for the reckless spending of the G.O.P. at the present session.

TUE Farmers' Alliance of Nicholas County has adopted resolutions condemning President Erwin for his course in the Growers' Association matter and called upon him to give explicit reasons, "well proven," for his action. This explanation must appear in the next issue of the State Union, failing which, the union calls upon the Executive Committee of the State Union to investigate Mr. Erwin.

"**PERRY** goes back to the United States Senate from Connecticut, and it is interesting to note how he does it," observes the Courier-Journal. "He received 141 votes, to 131 for the Democratic candidates. These are the votes of Senators and Representatives selected by the people of the towns.

"The 117 Democrats in the Lower House were elected by towns which cast 92,235 votes; the 133 Republicans by towns that cast 42,012 votes. The Democratic towns had 50,216 more votes than the Republican, but the Republicans have sixteen majority in the House. The Democrats have a majority in the Senate, but not sufficient to overcome this adverse majority in the House, and Mr. Mr. Platt goes to the United States Senate for six years more to vindicate the right of 42,000 people in Connecticut to rule 92,000."

Salaries of City Officials.

"Tax-payer" inquires about the salaries of the city officials. The Mayor receives \$400 a year and certain fees; the Marshal, \$40 a month and certain fees; the five night police, \$40 a month, each; the Collector and Treasurer, \$500 a year and 12½ per cent. commission on all delinquent taxes he collects; the Clerk, \$300 a year and certain fees; the Assessor, \$150 a year and \$3 a day for every day he attends at the session of the Board of Equalization; the members of Council, each \$2 for every regular and adjourned meeting; the City Prosecutor, \$100 a year and 20 per cent. of the fines in the Mayor's court when he personally appears and prosecutes; the Wharfmaster, 10 per cent. of wharfage collected, and the Wood and Coal Inspector gets certain fees.

Down Go Wages.

"Reductions in wages in the Ishpeming and Gogebic iron regions were noticed in this paper last week," says the National Democrat. "A dispatch from Patterson, N.J., January 15, says: 'Eighty-five weavers, employed at the Clay & Gronocock Silk Mill, are on a strike. A reduction of 7½ per cent. has been made on satin gros grain goods by the firm, and the employees refuse to accept the new terms. A similar reduction for that class of goods has been reluctantly accepted by the weavers of the Middling Mills.' The employees of the Canfield Iron Company, according to a dispatch from Pittsburg, have been notified of a reduction of 10 per cent. in their wages, beginning February 1st. This will affect 5,000 men, from workers to miners. The wages of the puddlers employed at the Glasgow Iron Works and Ellis & Lessig's Iron and Steel Works, Pottstown, will be reduced on February 1. A dispatch from Findlay, Ohio, January 20, says:

"All the employees of the great pottery of Bell Bros., in this city, walked out on a strike yesterday afternoon because of a cut in the wage schedule, which the managers refuse to restore to the old figures. Over 100 men and women are out, and the pottery is closed. The strikers have telegraphed the officers of their union to keep new hands from coming here to take their places. The Bell works belong to recently organized pottery trust."

Thus it is being manifested day after day that the Republican claims that a high tariff insures high wages is not true. The McKinley bill is still in effect.

CITY TAXES.

The Limit Fixed by the Constitutional Convention—Provisions Adopted Regarding Elections

The subject of taxation occupied a good deal of the time of the Constitutional convention yesterday and the day before. The section as finally adopted is as follows:

"The tax rate of cities, towns, counties, taxing districts and other municipalities, for other purposes than school purposes, shall not at any time exceed the following rates upon the value of the taxable property therein, viz: For all towns or cities having a population of 15,000 or more, and not less than 10,000, \$1 on the hundred; for all towns or cities having less than 10,000 and not less than 4,000, 75 cents on the hundred dollars, unless it should be necessary to enable such city, town, county or taxing district to pay the interest on and provide a sinking fund for the extinction of indebtedness contracted before the adoption of this Constitution."

Section 8 was then disposed of. It governs the election of city officers. It provides that Mayors, Police Judges, Councilmen and school boards of towns and cities shall be elected by the qualified voters of the whole city. The terms of all except school boards shall be four years. No Mayor, chief executive or fiscal officer shall be eligible for a second term. The only officials eligible for re-election are Auditors and Assessors.

The last section of the chapter, as adopted, prescribes that when a man shall be convicted in a municipal court it shall be a bar to a future prosecution in any other court.

The chapter on the judiciary is now under consideration.

Perfectly Delighted With the Pictures.

Crown Hill, W. Va., Jan. 25, 1891.

Kuckley & Cady, Maysville, Ky., Gentlemen—I received the picture and am very much pleased with it. I think it is a most excellent likeness, which I was more anxious to have than anything. I am pleased with it in every respect. I am also in receipt of a letter from Mrs. Butler, stating that they received theirs and are perfectly delighted with it, and all say the likeness is perfect and so life-like. I am very grateful to you for the care and pains you have taken to please us. Yours very truly,

J. C. MORRISON.

Letter List.

The following is a list of letters remaining in the postoffice at Maysville, Mason County, Ky., for, the week ending Tuesday, January 27th, 1891:

Alexander, John J. [Hampton, Mattole] Boyd, Emma [Howell, Anna] Boyd, Emma [Hofford, Frank] Bridges, John [Hunter, John E.] Brown, Mrs. Eliza [Jaquon, J. C.] Collins, Martha J. [Loring, M.] Clegg, John & Bells [McGinnis, Anna] Burns, Betsy [McHugh, Thos] Charles, David [Newell, Lillie] Collins, John [Pain, Sophie] Conner, Mrs. Lester [Porter, Florence] Davis, John [Simpson, J.] Davis, J. V. [Stokes, Sarah] D. Long & Co. [Wilson, Mrs. R. S.] Faard, Lizzie [Wright, Lydia] York, Julia

Persons calling for any of the above will please say advertised.

Thos. A. Davis, P. M.

A Pleasing Sense

Of health and strength renewed and of ease and comfort follows the use of Syrup of Figs, as it acts in harmony with nature to effectively cleanse the system when constive or bilious. For sale in 50c and \$1 bottles by all leading druggists.

Our Hired Girl.

our hired girl she's Elizabeth. Ah! she's took best things to eat, She's putt dough in our pie-pan. And pours fit somethin' at your head! She's men's suits it off on top. With chimney, and men she'll stop. Ah! shoo, ah! slide, so's it won't stop. Ah! git all spilt; nea' bakes it so. It's custard pie, first singin' you know!

Ah! men she'll say: "Clean up the way!" They's time for work an' fer play, Take yer dough and run, child, run! Er I can't no cookin' done!"

—James Whitcomb Riley in the Century.

No Chokee.

A partisan inevitably weakens his position when he gives the other side a chance to retort. Such an opportunity was unwittingly afforded by an English clergyman who hoped that three noted statesmen in whom he believed, might "all hang together." "Amen!" fervently responded a member of the opposite party.

"I mean," said the minister in haste, "that they may hang together in accord and concord."

"It doesn't matter what sort of a cord it is," was the immediate reply.—Exchange.

Glaciers Increasing.

Professor F. A. Forel reports that fifty-five glaciers of the Alps, including all those of Mount Blanc and a large proportion in the Bernese and Valais Alps, are increasing in size, two of the first rank having commenced a period of gain in 1889. With the exception of the Ortler group, all the glaciers of the Austrian and Grisons Alps are still receding or are stationary.

Steady Nerves.

An incident which took place at Plymouth, Mass., called for the possession of a good deal of pluck on the part of the two actors. A young man of about twenty was leading a bull that had always been peaceably inclined, when the animal seemed to be seized by a sudden fury, and made a lunge at him.

The stick which was fastened to a ring in the animal's nose snapped short in the young man's grasp, and almost before he knew what had happened he was thrown into the air from the bull's horns.

His clothing was torn nearly from his body, his cheek was cut open, and he was much bruised, but when he fell, almost under the feet of the bull, he had presence of mind enough to realize that his only safety lay in keeping so close to the head of the animal that he could not be thrown up again. He managed to get three flings of his left hand into the ring in the bull's nose, while with his right hand he grasped one of the horns.

Meanwhile the farmer who owned the animal, and who is an excellent shot, had got a rifle from the house, and hastily put into it two cartridges. The young man, finding his strength failing, called out to the other to shoot.

"Fire, for pity's sake!" he said. "I can't hold on much longer."

The bull, astonished by the clutch of his victim, had for a moment stopped, but when he should again start there would be small chance of the life of the young man. The animal stood so that his forehead was presented to the farmer, but the young man's head was within a few inches of the spot which the bullet must strike.

"If I fire," the farmer called, "the ball may flatten on the bone and kill you on the rebound."

"Fire anyway, and quick," the other cried out, as the bull showed signs of moving.

The farmer put his rifle to his shoulder and fired. The shot was so true that the bullet dropped in his tracks without a struggle.—Youth's Companion.

Trapped.

In "Joints in Our Social Armor," recently published, there is a characteristic and amusing anecdote of the cunning, cat-like Charles Greville. He was very old, and had gone to see a spiritualistic "medium," who was attracting fashionable London.

The charlatan looked at the gray, worn old man, and thought himself safe. Four other visitors attended the seance, but the "medium" bestowed all his attention on Greville. With much emotion, he cried, "There is aanged lady behind your chair!"

Greville remarked sweetly, "How interesting!"

"She is very, very like you!"

"Who can it be?" murmured Greville.

"She lifts her hands to bless you. Her hands are now resting on your head!" shouted the medium, and the pallid, emotionless man said, with a slight tremor in his voice, "Pray tell me who this mysterious visitor may be!"

"It is your mother."

"Ah!" said Greville, "I am delighted to hear that!"

"She says she is perfectly happy, and she watches you constantly."

"Dear soul!" muttered the imperturbable one.

"She tells me you will join her soon, and be happy with her."

Then Greville said gravely, in dulcet tones, "That is extremely likely, for I am going to take tea with her at 5 o'clock!"

He had led on the poor swindler in his usual fashion, and never hinted at the fact that his mother was nearly a centurion.

Lakes That Have Been Drained.

Whittlesea Mere, a considerable lake in Cambridgeshire, England, has been drained within the memory of living men, and its bed is covered with excellent farms, but Whittlesea West is still semi-aestuarine. Geologists in England have given the name of Lake Cheviot to a prehistoric lake basin in Northumberland. That region, long before the advent of man, was the site of several rather large lakes. But its existing lakes are small and not very many. Not far from the Cimarron river there are certain salt plains which are said to mark the site of a former lake. The celebrated Lake Regillus, where the gods fought for the Romans against the Latins, no longer exists. It is conjectured that it was artificially drained.

A marshy lake once stood near Camarina, in Sicily. The people of the town consulted the oracle as to the propriety of draining the lake, and got for a reply, "Do not disturb Camarina." The meaning of this Delphic deliverance being doubtful, they went to work and drained the lake. Not long after the town's enemies captured the city, and so "Don't disturb Camarina" became a proverb, as much as to say, "Let well enough alone." Three years ago a lake in the Moosejaw district, near Ottawa, Canada, which was more than a mile in circumference, disappeared entirely from some cause. A farmer purchased the lake bottom and raised a magnificent crop of wheat upon it.—American Notes and Queries.

About Poor Teeth.

Abscessed teeth, especially in the back of the mouth, and more especially in the lower jaw, should not be left in the mouth after a reasonable amount of skillful treatment has failed to control the discharge of pus. Chronic abscesses discharging pus, which is swallowed with the saliva, are too frequently allowed to pass unnoticed, and serious derangements may arise from this constant assimilation of a septic poison. The abscess cannot be cured extrat the tooth.

As when to extract teeth I have only to say that once it is decided to have the tooth removed, the sooner it is done the better. If it is designed to take gas the dentist should not be visited immediately after a meal, as the presence of food in the stomach is likely to result in nausea and vomiting, which is unpleasant for both the patient and the operator. Take gas on an empty stomach.—A Dentist in New York Herald.

The coasters of the Fiji islands will not eat until they can sit flat upon the ground directly over a triangle made of three small fishbones; then they only handle the food with the left hand.

The inhabitants of the interior of the same islands will not partake of food while a cloud is in sight, especially if the cloud lies in the west, fearing that the "Great Alr Head," whose bellowing (thunder) is often heard in that country, will pounce upon and utterly annihilate them for such irreverence.—St. Louis Republic.

OUR NEIGHBORS.

HELENA.

Beautiful weather—spring like. Born, to the wife of W. S. Layton, January 24th, a girl.

Several of our citizens took in County Court at Flemingsburg Monday.

Mr. Grounds and daughter, of the state of Lewis, were the guests of S. H. Harrison, Saturday and Sunday.

One of our town boys made a trip to the city of Lewis Saturday, and it is rumored he is to be invited in the holy bonds of matrimony to one of Lewis' fair daughters February 14th—St. Valentine's Day.

In memoriam to daughter of John R. Mitchell, who departed this life January 18, 1891, aged three years:

"It's hard to break the tender cord."

"When love has bound the heart."

"When words speak the word."

"Must we forever part?"

"Darest love one we have laid these."

"In the peaceful grave's embrace."

"But thy memory will be cherished."

"Till we see thy heavenly face."

GERMANTOWN.

Isaac Woodward spent several days in Sardinia last week.

S. D. Rigdon and W. P. Dickson have returned from Cincinnati.

Miller & Pinekard's new grist, feed and picket mill is in operation.

Misses Ella Hackney and Ella Flinn, of Brooksville, were here Monday.

Chas. Collins and Davis Owens, bicyclists from Mt. Olivet, spent Monday here.

Bob Pinekard, our accommodator (Maysville Blue) bus driver, is on the sick list.

Miss Mund Reynolds, a very pretty miss from Mineral, is the guest of Miss Mary Walton.

Mrs. W. C. Johnson and children spent Sunday with her sister, Mrs. Ben Tyler, at Mt. Oliver.

Essex's luncheon shop will re-open Saturday. It is to be hoped that foreign meat market wagons will go.

Louis Snod, of Fern Leaf, will go into one of our business firms as a partner in the near future.

One of our most popular firms, Messrs. Woodward & Johnson, are closing out at cost, and offer some rare bargains in all goods that they sell.

Our band has received a large package of the very latest music, and an excellent trombone has been added to their number, by Mr. Luke Elliott. To say they are on the improve hardly expresses it.

The Brooksville Dramatic Club, who rendered "The Flying Bowl" very creditably last winter, will in the near future visit us again. Their play is entitled "Mahatma's Trials," and the cast is composed solely of ladies.

Mr. John Thomas Follett died Tuesday, January 22

EVENING BULLETIN.

DAILY, EXCEPT SUNDAY.
ROSSER & McCARTHY,
Proprietors.

WEDNESDAY, JANUARY 28, 1891.

RAILROAD SCHEDULE.

CINCINNATI DIVISION CHESAPEAKE AND OHIO.

East.	West.
No. 2.....9:45 a. m.	No. 1.....5:30 a. m.
No. 20.....7:15 p. m.	No. 19.....7:15 a. m.
No. 18.....1:25 p. m.	No. 17.....10:00 a. m.
No. 4.....8:20 p. m.	No. 3.....10:00 p. m.

Nos. 19 and 20 are the Maysville accommodation, and Nos. 17 and 18 the Ashland accommodation. Nos. 1 and 2 are the fast express and Nos. 3 and 4 the F. F. V.

The accommodation trains are daily except Sunday; the rest are daily.

Direct connection at Cincinnati for points West and South.

MAYSVILLE DIVISION KENTUCKY CENTRAL.

Arrive.	10:25 a. m.	5:15 p. m.
Depart.	5:15 a. m.	5:50 p. m.

All trains daily except Sunday.

Add twenty-six minutes to get day time.

INDICATIONS—Showers, southeasterly winds; slightly cooler, except in Eastern Kentucky, stationary temperature.

STEAM BOILER INS.—W. R. Warbler.

FRESH BLUE LICK water at Chenoweth's.

G. S. JUD, insurance and collection agency.

PLACE your insurance with Duley & Baldwin.

CHILI SAUCE, catsup and pickles at Calloun's.

LEAVE goods for Cannon Laundry Co. at Nelson's.

THE Portsmouth Blade reports Mrs. J. D. Bridges seriously ill.

FIRE INSURANCE, reliable companies.

D. M. RENFON, Agt., Court St.

LLOYD & CHAMBERLAIN, insurance agents, room No. 5, Masonic Temple, ff.

Mrs. S. E. Evans left this morning for Point Pleasant, West Va., her future home.

DR. WM. F. HANAN, of New York, arrived this morning to attend the funeral of his sister.

MRS. KATE EVANS, of Bethel, fell against a door-frame, and received injuries that proved fatal.

THE Owingsville and Wyoming Turnpike Company recently paid a dividend of ten per cent.

THE new Diamond Shape Photo, the latest, for \$1.50 per dozen, at Kackley & Cady's, photographers. 263t

It is said twenty-seven members of the Constitutional convention were on the sick list at one time recently.

READ Hill & Co.'s, "ad" in another column, as they invoice Feb. 1st and would rather count cash than goods. d&wt

MISS ELIZABETH WILSON closes her school at West Liberty, near Mayslick, to-morrow evening, with a public entertainment.

THE stand-pipe of the Paris water works is eighty feet high and twenty-five feet in diameter. It was finished Monday.

Mrs. JENNIE D. CLARK will open her art class February 1st. Those wishing to join the class will call at her residence, corner Third and Plum. 22-10t

CAPTAIN W. H. HOLMES has succeeded Mr. C. L. Stanton as general agent of the Washington Life Insurance Company for Northeastern Kentucky.

THE marriage of Mr. Thomas P. Hopper, of Mayslick, and Miss Mary Robb, of the Helena neighborhood, is announced to take place February 4th.

COLONEL HENRY WATKINSON, the distinguished editor of the Courier-Journal, will probably deliver a lecture here about Feb. 15th, on "Money and Moral's."

FARMERS, when you want hoes, rakes, plows, axes, or anything else in the hardware line it will be to your interest to call on the Frank Owens Hardware Company.

THE remains of Geo. W. Putman, who was run over and killed at Bull Creek Monday, were shipped yesterday to Bondfield, Ill., where a sister of the deceased resides.

THE total assessed value of property in Kenton County is \$28,300,000, an increase of over \$1,000,000 the past year. The assessment in Covington amounts to \$21,000,000.

THE Frank Owens Hardware Company invite you to call at their establishment when you want anything in the hardware line. They have a complete stock of goods always on hand.

HARRY CROXTON shipped sixteen game chicken cocks to Bob Lynn at Hot Springs, Saturday, the express charges on them being about \$30, says the Bourbon News.

Is Bob going into the poultry business?

"THE STRAWAWAY" is filling an engagement at New Orleans this week and will come North next week. It stops at Birmingham, Ala., Chattanooga, Tenn., Lexington, Ky., and will play here Feb. 6th.

THE Mason County Historical Society has received inquiries for the heirs of Sally Edwards, who married a man named Rains and lived in this section of the country.

THE Diamond lens spectacles and eyeglasses are the most perfect artificial help to the human eye known to science. Try a pair and be convinced. For sale by Ballenger, the jeweler.

THE Bourbon News says: "Dr. Herr, the noted trotting horse man, who has been ill for several weeks at Forest Park, near Lexington, is now quite low, with no hopes of recovery. He is 76 years old."

MR. MARSHALL HALL has resigned the position he has held for several years as operator at the K. C. depot, and left this morning for Cincinnati to accept a situation as clerk in the C. and O.'s freight office.

THE salaries of the city officials at Frankfort are as follows: Mayor, \$500 per annum; President of the Council, \$250; City Clerk, \$1,000; Treasurer, \$500; City Attorney, \$400; City Marshal, \$250; Clock-keeper, \$50; Assessor, \$250.

THE supper given last night by the ladies of the M. E. Church was a success, and by the earnest request of those present they will give another to-night. Supper from 5 o'clock until 10. Admission 10 cents; supper, including oysters, 25 cents. The receipts last night amounted to \$68.

Mrs. Nancy Riggs, relic of Wm. Riggs' who resided years ago just below Aberdeen, died this morning at the home of her son-in-law, Mr. Ellis, a few miles east of Aberdeen. She was nearly one hundred years old. The burial will take place to-morrow afternoon at Charter Oak Cemetery.

Mrs. Thomas B. Gordon died Monday at the home of her son Professor A. N. Gordon, near Lexington, of paralysis. The funeral took place yesterday morning at 11 o'clock. Deceased was the father of Miss Fannie L. Gordon, teacher in the Maysville High School. Her many friends here sympathize deeply with her in her bereavement.

THE Louisville papers have brought suit at Winchester for \$800 for advertising the boom sales last spring. The defendants are the Citizens' Investment Company, East End Land Company, Hall Place Company, Winchester Real Estate Company, Fairfax Land and Investment Company, Winchester Land and Investment Company, J. D. Simpson and H. P. Thompson.

THE initial sales at the warehouse of the Tobacco Growers' Association at Louisville yesterday were attended by a sad accident. Mr. John W. Prewitt, of Clark County, one of the directors of the new warehouse, was sitting on the temporary railing that inclosed the elevator shaft of the building when it gave way, precipitating him to the lower floor and crushing his skull. His injuries were pronounced fatal.

RAILROAD NEWS.

S. F. B. MORSE, General Passenger Agent of the Kentucky Central, will on the 1st of February take service with the Louisville and Nashville as General Traveling Passenger Agent.

THE earnings of the Chesapeake and Ohio for the third week of January show an increase of \$6,377.71 over those for the corresponding week of last year. The figures are:

1889.....\$18,986.81
1890.....12,519.71

Increase.....\$ 6,377.71

SAYS THE ENQUIRER: "On the 1st of February, when the Louisville and Nashville takes charge of the Kentucky Central, the jurisdiction of the former Freight and General Passenger Agents will be extended over the K. C. S. S. Parker, Division Agent of the L. and N., will look after the K. C. passenger business and Brent Arnold, General Agent of the L. and N., will have his jurisdiction extended over the K. C. also."

CHURCHES AND PREACHERS.

Rev. J. H. Crutcher, former pastor of the Christian Church here, has taken charge of the church at Bowling Green.

THE district meeting of the Christian Women's Board of Missions will be held in the Christian Church in Paris on Saturday next, January 31.

IN THE sermon Sunday night at the Broadway Baptist Church, on "A Gigantic Evil," Rev. Dr. H. Allen Tupper spoke on the criminality of the liquor traffic. It was shown that physiologically liquor is the deadliest of enemies to the human body—it's purity and healthfulness; psychologically, liquor ruins man's intellectual and moral powers; domestically, liquor is the most terrible enemy of the peace and purity of the home; governmentally and economically, the liquor traffic corrupts and debauches our government, defying national law and defeating popular will, and religiously, the liquor traffic is avowedly and universally the bitter and determined foe of the Christian church and its divine aims.

"THE STRAWAWAY" is filling an engagement at New Orleans this week and will come North next week. It stops at Birmingham, Ala., Chattanooga, Tenn., Lexington, Ky., and will play here Feb. 6th.

For the Farmer.

Irish potatoes are selling at \$2 a bushel at Mt. Olivet.

W. L. Brandt, of Carlisle, has bought the bay filly Flash by Electricity. Price reported at \$1,500.

SAYS THE BREEDER'S GAZETTE: "Hogs are about ten cents lower than at this time last year, while mess pork is 75 cents per barrel higher than then."

IT looks as though the receipts of hogs for this month, says the Chicago Breeder's Gazette, "would crowd a million. Up to date, January 20, the total is 655,000."

IN 1885 there were, it is claimed, 41,000,000 sheep in the United States, 72,000,000 in Australia and 100,000,000 in the Argentine Republic. We have two-thirds of a sheep to every inhabitant; in the Argentine Republic there are twenty-five sheep, and in Uruguay forty sheep to every man, woman and child. We have 40,000,000 horned cattle, to a population of 50,000,000; the Argentine Republic and Uruguay have 38,000,000 of cattle to a population of 4,000,000. In Uruguay, with a population of 500,000 souls, there are 8,000,000 cattle, 20,000,000 sheep and 2,000,000 horses, or 60 head of stock for each man, woman and child. Exchange.

A Rule Issued Against the Court of Claims.

Judge Cole has ordered that a rule be issued against the Magistrates of the county members of the Court of Claims.

to show cause why the drains and sewers leading from the county jail shall not be placed in proper order and condition. The rule is returnable on the first day of the April term.

The grand jury recommended that the County Judge leave the repairs undone without going to the expense of calling the Magistrates together. It would cost over \$100 to hold a day's session of the Court of Claims and this might as well be saved and expended on the sewers.

Real Estate Transfers.

J. P. A. King and wife to John McCraw 110 acres, 3 rods and 32 poles in this and Fleming counties; consideration, \$10,500.63.

Charles S. Miner and wife to John McCraw, 101 acres of land near Helena; consideration, \$7,500.

J. F. Price and wife to W. H. Wadsworth and W. H. Wadsworth, Jr., a lot on Central avenue in Chester; consideration: \$1 cash and legal services performed by the grantees for grantors.

Here and There.

Mr. Charles Cunningham, of St. Louis, is visiting the family of Mrs. M. E. Adamson and other relatives.

Mr. James Easton and wife, of Rowan County, are the guests of Mr. and Mrs. Sam Easton, of the West End.

An Ill-Fated Spot.

The C. and O. crossing at Bull Creek seems to be an ill-fated spot. Seven persons have met violent deaths at that point or near there in the past twelve months. Three were drowned, three were killed in the fearful railroad wreck and one was ground to death while attempting to board a train.

River News.

Falling slowly at this point. The Bonanza for Pomeroy and Standley for Charleston will pass up after 12 o'clock to-night. Down: Bachelor and Sherley this evening and Boston to-night.

A Farmer Fails.

Mr. Henry Martin, a prominent farmer living just back of Aberdeen, made an assignment yesterday to Mr. Bambaugh, of Ripley. Liabilities about \$12,000; assets about \$8,000.

THE BEST SCHOOL SHOES MADE ARE

THE RED SCHOOL HOUSE

AT

MINER'S.

HOLIDAY GOODS.

We beg leave to announce to our friends, patrons and the public in general that we have a choice line of Staple Holiday Goods, and respectfully invite all to come and see them before purchasing elsewhere. See our "rebus," which will be enclosed in each purchase of goods until the 15th of January, 1891. Thanking you for your liberal patronage in the past, we are very respectfully,

POWER & REYNOLDS,
POSTOFFICE DRUG STORE.

"THE REMEDY OF TO-MORROW

IS too late for the mistake of to-day.
Make no mistake and buy
the best.

HATS
And Furnishing Goods of
NELSON
SHIRTS MADE TO ORDER.

THINK SERIOUSLY, NOW.

On the WINDOW SHADE question. We have received our spring stock and claim that for Quality, Styles and Prices we can not be surpassed.

Our 10, 30, 35 and 50c. Blinds are better this season than ever before. Blinds of any size made to order on short notice.

Shade shades with lettering.
Shades hung if desired. Give us a trial.
Call in to see our samples; no trouble to show goods. Prices cheerfully furnished. Yours, most respectfully,

KACKLEY & McDougle,

Jobbers of Valentines, Wall Papers, Window Shades, General Stationers and a large variety of Wrapping and Building Paper.

FOR PURE DRUGS,

AT REASONABLE PRICES, GO TO

THOS. J. CHENOWETH'S

DRUG STORE.

Prescriptions: Filled: With: Care!

BIERBOWER & CO.,

Sole Agents for the Celebrated

JOHN VAN RANCES,

Limestone, Eclipse, Imperial, Home and Other

Cook Stoves!

For Thirty Days We Will Offer Our Entire Line of Heating Stoves at Cost.



McClanahan & Shea,

Dealers in

NEW SENATORS.

WILLIAM A. PEFFER WILL SUCCEED SENATOR INGALLS—OTHER CONTESTS.

TOPEKA, Kan., Jan. 28.—William A. Peffer received the full Democratic and Alliance vote and was nominated for senator yesterday to succeed Senator Ingalls. In the house the ballot for senator resulted as follows: Peffer 96, Ingalls 22, C. W. Blair 5. In the senate: Ingalls 35, Peffer 2.

William Alfred Peffer was born in Cumberland county, Pa., Sept. 10, 1831. He is of Dutch parentage. He is a self-made man. His schooling of seven months a year was obtained before the age of 15. At that age he was made master of a small district school and taught there until he was 17. In 1850 he caught the gold fever and went to California. He made considerable money and returned to Pennsylvania in 1852. There he married Sarah Jane Barber and removed to Indiana. He engaged in farming near Crawfordsville. There business reverses impoverished him and he went to southwest Missouri, where he continued a farmer.

At the breaking out of the war he enlisted in the volunteers, and served until June 26, 1865, having been detailed principally on detached duty as quartermaster, adjutant and judge-adjutant. During the two latter years of his service he devoted himself to the study of law.

At the close of the war he settled at Clarksville, Tenn., practicing law; remained there until 1871, and then moved to Kansas, taking up a claim in Wilson county. He moved to Fredonia in 1878 and there established "The Fredonia Journal," a weekly newspaper, at the same time continuing his law practice.

GENERAL VOTES ELECTED.

MADISON, Wis., Jan. 28.—The vote for United States senator yesterday resulted: Senator, William F. Vilas 16; John C. Spooner 11; House, Vilas 66; Spooner 31. Gen. Vilas was secretary of the interior in Cleveland's cabinet. Mr. Spooner, defeated Republican candidate, is the present senator from Wisconsin.

DEADLOCK UNBROKEN.

SPRINGFIELD, Ill., Jan. 28.—Both houses of the legislature met in joint session at noon and took the thirty-second senatorial ballot, which resulted as follows: Palmer, 101; Oglesby, 100; Streeter, 3. No choice.

SPARKS FROM THE WIRE.

ITEMS OF INTEREST PUT IN CONVENIENT FORM FOR READERS.

Petitions have been presented to the Wisconsin legislature to make Milwaukee the capital of the state.

The remains of Gottlieb Wier, of Chillicothe, O., who has been missing two months, were found in the canal.

Mrs. Patience Waller, the oldest negro in Tennessee, mother of twenty-one children, fourteen living, died Monday, aged 98.

John H. Grojean, importer of gloves, etc., at 1132 Broadway, New York, assigned to Joseph Ennis, with preferences of \$1,100.

J. Calvin Blaney, married, who eloped from Homestead, O., with Miss Scott, is in jail at Uniontown, Pa., and the girl has been returned to her home.

A bill has been introduced in the United States senate to incorporate the Pacific Cable company, capital \$5,000,000, to operate a cable between San Francisco, Hawaii, Samoa and Japan.

SECRETIVE ATTEMPT TO KIDNAP.

COLUMBUS, Ind., Jan. 28.—Mel McKee, a tough, went into the Cyclone saloon, this city, near midnight, Monday night, where he found George Laforce. He at once drew his revolver and fired four shots at Laforce, but none of them took effect. Peter Lytle, a bystander, was hit in the side by a ball and badly injured. McKee was run down by a policeman, arrested and lodged in jail, where he will await trial for assault with intent to kill. The two are enemies, Laforce's time having just expired in the county jail, where he was sentenced four months for cutting McKee with a knife.

TEMPERANCE LEGISLATION.

ST. PAUL, Jan. 28.—Mr. Bjorge introduced a bill in the house to-day providing for an amendment of Article I of the state constitution by adding an amendment thereto which prohibits the manufacture and sale of all intoxicating liquors as a beverage. The bill was referred to the committee on temperance.

A PLANTER KILLED.

LOUISVILLE, Jan. 28.—Gen. John W. Prewett, a prominent tobacco grower of Clark county, was fatally injured at noon yesterday at the first sale of the new growers' warehouse, of which he was director. He was sitting on the rail of the elevator shaft when the elevator fell and struck him on the back of the head.

PROVED TO BE A MURDER.

NEW YORK, Jan. 28.—Leopold Henderson, who was stabbed during a row in the old rockery known as the "Kentucky House," corner of Thompson and Bleeker streets, Saturday last, by an Italian named Curlo, died yesterday. Curlo escaped after the stabbing and has not as yet been captured.

STOLE A RIDE AND WERE KILLED.

MEMPHIS, Jan. 28.—Robert Dolson and John Banks fell under the wheels of a passenger train on the Louisville and Nashville road Monday evening, and were instantly killed. The men were stealing a ride and in avoiding the brakeman, fell under the train.

THE FORCE BILL IN NEBRASKA.

LINCOLN, Neb., Jan. 28.—Resolutions were adopted in both branches of the legislature yesterday approving the action of the United States senate in refusing to consider the force bill. All the Independents, with three exceptions, voted with the Democrats.

MORRISTOWN, Ind., Jan. 28.—The renowned temperance evangelist, Francis Murphy, is suffering from nervous prostration as a result of overwork. He is at the home of friends here and is quite ill.

INDIANA'S SENATE FOLLOWS THE HOUSE.

INDIANAPOLIS, Jan. 28.—After a long debate on the merits of the force bill the senate yesterday adopted the house resolution not to make an appropriation for the world's fair if the force bill becomes a law.

HOW A BULLET TRAVELS.

AN EXPLANATION FOR ITS THREE AND SOME TIME FOUR DIFFERENT MOTIONS.

Howard Carr, an authority on shooting and a gentleman well informed on all matters of detail pertaining to the bullet's eye, gave a reporter some interesting information on the queer actions of a bullet after being discharged from the muzzle of a gun.

A bullet, he declared, sighted for 1,000 yards has three separate and distinct motions, and in cases where the stubby and blunt express lead is used it has four. The first is its velocity or straight motion of journey; the second is the rotary motion, caused by the bore of the gun, which makes it plow through the air, and the third is the trajectory motion, or drift, attributable to the attraction of gravity, which forces the bullet sideways. When the express bullet is used it follows a line similar to the edge of a corkscrew. The latter is ascribable to the extra friction on the bottom of the ball, which is constantly lowering.

I had this illustrated by placing sheets of paper forty yards apart on a level, and the course of the bullet could be seen by collecting the papers and laying them one over the other.

A ball has a large drop when traveling any great distance. For instance, take 1,000 yards. The bullet, if keeping the course it originally started out to follow, would land a distance of over 225 feet above the bullet's eye. But it starts to drop immediately after leaving the muzzle of the gun, and at between 550 and 600 yards the ball is only sixty feet above the line of the bullet's eye, and a considerable distance below the line of sight. At 200 yards it has decreased in proportion, and the aim is only forty inches above the bullet's eye, but at 50 yards it is over sixteen feet.

It takes about three seconds for a ball to travel 1,000 yards with an ordinary charge of powder behind it. The first second it travels 1,500 feet. In the next second it travels only three-quarters of that distance, and in the third second it travels only one-half as much as it did when leaving the muzzle.

I made the claim here a short time ago that a ball made more revolutions—that is, its rotary motion increased in proportion to the distance it traveled—as it approached the target, than it did in the 100 yards immediately after leaving the muzzle, and I will explain. The friction of the atmosphere does not lessen the rotary motion as fast in proportion to the distance it has traveled as it does its flight through the atmosphere; consequently, while in the last 100 yards the ball is only traveling at a rate just one-half of its original speed, the rotary motion is just as great, and having more time makes more revolutions.

A NEGLECTED CHILDHOOD.

Paternal care had not yet come into fashion; the fashion was, indeed, the reverse when I was a child. Thus my early years were cheerlessly spent in an outlying district of Paris. At the age of 4 I was still there when I accidentally fell from the top of an cupboard and dislocated my foot. The woman to whose care I was intrusted only informed my family of this several months afterward. The truth became known only when my parents sent for me to go to Perigord to visit Mme. de Chalais, my grandmother, who had expressed a wish to see me. Although Mme. de Chalais was my great-grandmother I always called her grandmother, very likely, I think, because that name implied a closer relationship. The dislocation of my foot had been neglected too long to be remedied; even my other foot, having had to bear alone the whole weight of my body, had grown weaker, and thus I remained lame for life.

That accident had a great influence over my after life. It indeed led my parents to think I was unfit for a military career, or at least that in such I should labor under great disadvantages. They were thus induced to seek for me some other profession, which in their eyes would be best calculated to serve the interests of the family, for in great families the family was far more cared for than its members individually, chiefly those young members who were still unknown. These considerations are rather painful to my mind, so I will not dwell further on them.—Talleyrand's Memoirs in Century.

NEW YEAR OBSERVANCES.

A journal of Queen Anne's time tells us that oranges stuffed with cloves were a common New Year's gift, as was also a gill nutmeg. The people paraded the streets dressed in their best clothes, invariably carrying a Kentish pippin in their hands, or oranges.

The Jews celebrate the first day of the month, Tisri, in much the same fashion, giving entertainments and exchanging gifts.

Curious customs prevail in almost all countries. Hospijan says that in Rome in his day no fare was permitted to be carried out of the house, nor any kind of iron or brass work, and under no circumstances could a loan be made, even to relatives.

The Persians celebrate the day by extensive agricultural ceremonies, as also do the Chinese. The earth is blessed and the sun invoked with great pomp.—Philadelphia Times.

A STORY FROM A STUDIO.

"I must tell you a good story on a young student in my place," said an artist whose studio is on State street. "You mustn't use my name, for I don't want to injure the young man. He had expressed a wish to make some scriptural paintings, and I told him to go ahead. He selected for his subject the killing of Abel by Cain. On the whole it was creditable, except for some innovations. For instance, he had put a sandbag in the hand of Cain, and in the background he had a patrol wagon coming to the scene full tilt, drawn by a camel. I would have given money to retain that painting, but the young artist destroyed it in spite of my remonstrances and offers.—Chicago Tribune.

An interesting disclosure was recently made when the organ of Vine Street Congregational church in Cincinnati was removed from the rear to the front of the auditorium. Midway between ceiling and floor, on either side of the recess, were two doors in the wall. These could only be reached by ladders. They open into the rooms which, in the days before the war, were used as stations of the "underground railway." Here fugitives from across the Ohio were secreted until they could be spirited off by night toward the waters of Erie.—Christian Union.



ONE ENJOYS

BOTH THE METHOD AND RESULTS WHEN SYRUP OF FIGS IS TAKEN; IT IS PLEASANT AND REFRESHING TO THE TASTE, AND ACTS SOONLY YET PROMPTLY ON THE KIDNEYS, LIVER AND BOWELS, CLEANSES THE SYSTEM EFFECTUALLY, DISPELS COLDS, HEADACHES AND FEVERS AND CURES HABITUAL CONSTIPATION. SYRUP OF FIGS IS THE ONLY REMEDY OF ITS KIND EVER PRODUCED, PLEASING TO THE TASTE AND ACTS UPON THE STOMACH, PROMPT IN ITS ACTION AND TRULY BENEFICIAL IN ITS EFFECTS, PREPARED ONLY FROM THE MOST HEALTHY AND AGREEABLE SUBSTANCES, ITS MANY EXCELLENT QUALITIES COMMEND IT TO ALL AND HAVE MADE IT THE MOST POPULAR REMEDY KNOWN.

Syrup of Figs is for sale in 50c and \$1 bottles by all leading druggists. Any reliable druggist who may not have it on hand will procure it promptly for any one who wishes to try it. Do not accept any substitute.

CALIFORNIA FIG SYRUP CO.
SAN FRANCISCO, CAL.
LOUISVILLE, KY.
NEW YORK, N.Y.

CHILDREN CRY

FOR PITCHER'S

CASTORIA

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